## WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

### **2021 REGULAR SESSION**

Introduced

## House Bill 3204

By Delegates Steele, Graves, Smith and Nestor

[Introduced March 16, 2021; Referred to the

Committee on the Judiciary]

1 A BILL to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended by adding thereto a new section designated §62-1A-12; relating to custodial interrogation of a child; requiring the child have 2 3 contact with legal counsel by certain means; requiring the child have contact with a parent, 4 quardian, legal custodian, or other legally recognized equivalent by certain means; 5 permitting a law-enforcement officer to ask questions reasonably believed to be necessary 6 to protect life or property without requiring contact with counsel, parents, guardians, or 7 other recognized persons; and requiring questions of a child be limited to obtaining such 8 information reasonably believed to be necessary to protect life or property.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

#### ARTICLE 1A. SEARCH AND SEIZURE.

# §62-1A-12. Custodial interrogation of a child; consultation with legal counsel; admissibility of statements.

1 (a) For purposes of this section, "custodial interrogation" means any interview conducted 2 by a law-enforcement officer in such circumstances that would lead a reasonable person to 3 consider himself to be in custody associated with arrest and during which the law-enforcement 4 officer takes actions or asks questions that are reasonably likely to elicit response from the person 5 that could incriminate him. 6 (b) Prior to the custodial interrogation of a child, the child shall: 7 (1) Consult with legal counsel in person, by telephone, or by video conference, and; 8 (2) Have contact with his or her parent, guardian, legal custodian, or other person standing 9 in loco parentis in person, by telephone, or by video conference. 10 (c) Any statement made by a child during or after a custodial interrogation that does not 11 comply with the provisions of this section shall be inadmissible as evidence unless: (1) The law-enforcement officer who conducted the custodial interrogation of the child 12 reasonably believed the information sought was necessary to protect life or property from an 13 14 imminent threat, and;

#### 15 (2) The law-enforcement officer's questions were limited to those that were reasonably

#### 16 <u>necessary to obtain such information.</u>

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to establish limitation on law-enforcement officers conducting custodial interrogations of a child with certain exceptions.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.